HB4517

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURELED

2016 REGULAR SESSION

OFFICE WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE

ENROLLED

Committee Substitute

for

House Bill 4517

(BY DELEGATES MANCHIN, SHOTT, SHAFFER, BYRD, SKINNER, CAPUTO, LONGSTRETH, LANE, MCCUSKEY AND HANSHAW)

[Passed March 10, 2016; in effect ninety days from passage.]

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[Passed March 10, 2016; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact §39B-1-114 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend and reenact §39B-2-101 of said code, all relating to limiting the ability of an agent under a power of attorney to take self-benefiting actions; creating a presumption that an act is not within the scope of authority granted in a power of attorney when an agent benefits from the act to the detriment of an ancestor, spouse, heir, or descendant, unless the authority to perform the act is expressly provided with particularity in identifying the existing property interest in the power of attorney; and prohibiting an agent from exercising authority under a power of attorney to create in the agent, or in an individual to whom the agent owes a legal obligation of support, an interest in the principal's property, whether by gift, right of survivorship, beneficiary designation, disclaimer, or otherwise, unless the power of attorney expresses in the grant of authority the specific act and identifies the existing property interest with particularity, rather than in general terms.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §39B-1-114 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted; and that §39B-2-101 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

§39B-1-114. Agent's duties.

- (a) Notwithstanding provisions in the power of attorney, an agent who has accepted appointment shall:
- (1) Act in accordance with the principal's reasonable expectations to the extent actually known by the agent and, otherwise, in the principal's best interest;
 - (2) Act in good faith; and
- 6 (3) Act only within the scope of authority granted in the power of attorney.
- 7 (b) Except as otherwise provided in the power of attorney, an agent who has accepted appointment shall:
 - (1) Act loyally for the principal's benefit;

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10 (2) Act so as not to create a conflict of interest that impairs the agent's ability to act 11 impartially in the principal's best interest; 12 (3) Act with the care, competence and diligence ordinarily exercised by agents in similar 13 circumstances; 14 (4) Keep a record of all receipts, disbursements and transactions made on behalf of the 15 principal: 16 (5) Cooperate with a person that has authority to make health-care decisions for the 17 principal to carry out the principal's reasonable expectations to the extent actually known by the 18 agent and, otherwise, act in the principal's best interest; and 19 (6) Attempt to preserve the principal's estate plan, to the extent actually known by the 20 agent, if preserving the plan is consistent with the principal's best interest based on all relevant 21 factors, including: 22 (A) The value and nature of the principal's property; 23 (B) The principal's foreseeable obligations and need for maintenance; 24 (C) Minimization of taxes, including income, estate, inheritance, generation-skipping 25 transfer and gift taxes; and 26 (D) Eligibility for a benefit, a program or assistance under a statute or regulation. 27 (c) An agent that acts in good faith is not liable to any beneficiary of the principal's estate 28 plan for failure to preserve the plan. 29 (d) An agent that acts with care, competence and diligence for the best interest of the 30 principal is not liable solely because the agent also benefits from the act or has an individual or 31 conflicting interest in relation to the property or affairs of the principal. However, when the agent 32 benefits from the act to the substantial and direct detriment of an ancestor, spouse, heir or

descendant of the principal a presumption is created that the act was not within the scope of

authority granted in the power of attorney, unless the authority to perform that specific act is

expressed with particularity in identifying the existing property interest and provided in the power of attorney.

- (e) If an agent is selected by the principal because of special skills or expertise possessed by the agent or in reliance on the agent's representation that the agent has special skills or expertise, the special skills or expertise must be considered in determining whether the agent has acted with care, competence and diligence under the circumstances.
- (f) Absent a breach of duty to the principal, an agent is not liable if the value of the principal's property declines.
- (g) An agent who exercises authority to delegate to another person the authority granted by the principal or who engages another person on behalf of the principal is not liable for an act, error of judgment or default of that person if the agent exercises care, competence and diligence in selecting and monitoring the person.
- (h) Except as otherwise provided in the power of attorney, an agent is not required to disclose receipts, disbursements or transactions conducted on behalf of the principal or provide an accounting unless: ordered by a court or requested by the principal, a guardian, a conservator, another fiduciary acting for the principal, a governmental agency having authority to protect the welfare of the principal or, upon the death of the principal, by the personal representative or successor in interest of the principal's estate. If so requested, within thirty days the agent shall comply with the request or provide a writing or other record substantiating why additional time is needed and shall comply with the request within an additional thirty days. If an agent fails or refuses to comply with the provisions of this section, the court may award the principal or other authorized party requesting the disclosure reimbursement of reasonable attorneys fees and costs incurred.

ARTICLE 2. AUTHORITY.

§39B-2-101. Authority that requires specific grant; grant of general authority.

(a) An agent under a power of attorney may do the following on behalf of the principal or with the principal's property only if the power of attorney expressly grants the agent the authority

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3	and exercise of the authority is not otherwise prohibited by another agreement or instrument to
4	which the authority or property is subject to:
5	(1) Create, amend, revoke or terminate an inter vivos trust;
6	(2) Make a gift;
7	(3) Create or change rights of survivorship;
8	(4) Create or change a beneficiary designation;
9	(5) Delegate authority granted under the power of attorney;
10	(6) Waive the principal's right to be a beneficiary of a joint and survivor annuity, including
11	a survivor benefit under a retirement plan;
12	(7) Exercise fiduciary powers that the principal has authority to delegate; or
13	(8) Disclaim property, including a power of appointment.
14	(b) Notwithstanding a grant of authority to do an act described in this section, an agent
15	may not exercise authority under a power of attorney to create in the agent, or in an individual to
16	whom the agent owes a legal obligation of support, an interest in the principal's property, whether
17	by gift, right of survivorship, beneficiary designation, disclaimer or otherwise, unless the power of
18	attorney expresses in the grant of authority the specific act and identifies the existing property
19	interest with particularity, rather than in general terms.
20	(c) Subject to subsections (a), (b), (d) and (e) of this section, if a power of attorney grants
21	to an agent authority to do all acts that a principal could do, the agent has the general authority
22	described in section one hundred four through section one hundred sixteen of this article.
23	(d) Unless the power of attorney otherwise provides, a grant of authority to make a gift is
24	subject to the provisions of section one hundred seventeen of this article.

(e) Subject to subsections (a), (b) and (d) of this section, if the subjects over which

(f) Authority granted in a power of attorney is exercisable with respect to property that the

authority is granted in a power of attorney are similar or overlap, the broadest authority controls.

principal has when the power of attorney is executed or acquires later, whether or not the property

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- is located in this state and whether or not the authority is exercised or the power of attorney is executed in this state.
- 31 (g) An act performed by an agent pursuant to a power of attorney has the same effect and 32 inures to the benefit of and binds the principal and the principal's successors in interest as if the 33 principal had performed the act.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is
correctly enrolled.
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Chairman, House Committee
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Chairman, Senate Committee
Originating in the House.
In effect ninety days from passage.
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Clerk of the House of Delegates
Sol Barnes
Clerk of the Senate
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Speaker of the House of Delegates
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President of the Senate
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The within . D. Drowd this the 24th
day of March, 2016.
Cal Ray Somelilan Governor
Governor

PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR

Time 2:58pm